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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/004,286	11/14/2001	Donald M. McDonald	UCSF-077CON2	6344
75	90 01/15/2003			
Paula A. Borden			EXAMINER	
Bozicevic, Field and Francis LLP Suite 200			KISHORE, GO	LLAMUDI S
200 Middlefield Menlo Park, CA			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
,			1615	
			DATE MAILED: 01/15/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.



Office Action Summary

Application No. 10/004,286

Applicant(s)

McDonald

Examiner

Gollamudi Kishore

Art Unit 1615



	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears	on the cover sheet with the correspondence address		
Period 1	for Reply			
	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET	TO EXPIRE <u>three</u> MONTH(S) FROM		
	MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.	n no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the		
mailing	date of this communication.	•		
- If NO		and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.		
	to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause in the ply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of			
earned	patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).			
Status	December 1 and 1 a			
1) 🗆	Responsive to communication(s) filed on			
2a) ∐	•	tion is non-final.		
3) 🗆	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213.			
Disposi	tion of Claims			
4) 💢	Claim(s) 21-30	is/are pending in the application.		
4		is/are withdrawn from consideration.		
5) 🗆	Claim(s)	·		
6) 🔀				
7) 🗆	Claim(s) 21-30	is/are objected to.		
· · _				
8) 🗆		are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.		
	tion Papers			
9) □	The specification is objected to by the Examiner.			
10)∟		e a) \square accepted or b) \square objected to by the Examiner.		
_		drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).		
11)	The proposed drawing correction filed on	is: a) \square approved b) \square disapproved by the Examiner.		
	If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply	to this Office action.		
12)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exam	niner.		
-	under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120			
	Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign p	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).		
a) L	☐ All b)☐ Some* c)☐ None of:			
	1. \square Certified copies of the priority documents ha	ve been received.		
	2. \square Certified copies of the priority documents ha	ve been received in Application No		
	 Copies of the certified copies of the priority of application from the International Bure 	documents have been received in this National Stage eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).		
*S	ee the attached detailed Office action for a list of the	ne certified copies not received.		
14)	Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic	c priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e).		
a) [The translation of the foreign language provision			
15)	Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic	c priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.		
Attachm				
	otice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s).		
	otice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)		
3) [X] In	formation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)5	6) Other:		

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DETAILED ACTION

The preliminary amendment dated 7-30-02 is acknowledged.

The claims included in the prosecution are 21-30.

Double Patenting

1. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321© may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

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2. Claims 21-27 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-18 of U.S. Patent No. 6,120,799. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because claims in both said patent and instant application are drawn to compositions containing the cationic lipid and detectable label and instant claims encompass the angiogenesis inhibitor recited in the claims of said patent.

3. Claims 21-30 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 12-13 of U.S. Patent No. 5,837,283. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the claims in said patent recites a method using the same composition now claimed.

Claim Rejections - 35 U.S.C. § 102

- 4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

 A person shall be entitled to a patent unless --
 - (a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.

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5. Claims 21-31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being anticipated by Wasan (Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences, 85, # 4, April 1996).

Wasan discloses cationic liposomes containing a detectable label. The liposomes have sizes of 125-150 nm (note the experimental section on col. 1, page 428).

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 6. Claims 27-31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Felgner (PNAS, 1987).

Felgner discloses Fluorescent labeled cationic lipid-DNA complexes (note col. 1 on page 7414).

- (e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371© of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.
- 7. Claims 21-31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by DePrince (5,705,693).

DePrince discloses Fluorescent labeled cationic lipid-nucleic acid complexes (columns 27-28).

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Claim Rejections - 35 U.S.C. § 103

8. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 27-29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Felgner (PNAS) or Wasan cited above.

Felgner, and Wasan as pointed out above disclose Fluorescent labeled cationic lipid-DNA complexes. The fluorescent labeling is for the purpose of identification of the cells which were transfected. However, it is deemed to be within the skill of the art to omit the active agent from Felgner, and Wasan if the sole purpose is just identify where the cationic liposomes are accumulating within the host system and not to transfect the cells in the host system.

9. Claims 27-29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Folkman (5,837,682) in view of Felgner (PNAS) or DePrince (5,705,693) or Wasan cited above or vice versa (Felgner or DePrince or Wasan in view of Folkman).

Folkman discloses lipofectin-DNA complexes; the DNA sequence encodes angiostatin. The complex however does not contain a detectable label (abstract, column 39, line 4 et seq.).

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Felgner, DePrince, and Wasan as pointed out above disclose Fluorescent labeled cationic lipid-DNA complexes. The fluorescent labeling is for the purpose of identification of the cells which were transfected. Therefore, one of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to label the complexes of Folkman if the purpose is also to identify the cell populations transfected.

10. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to *G.S. Kishore* whose telephone number is (703) 308-2440.

The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday from 6:30 A.M. to 4:00 P.M. The examiner can also be reached on alternate Fridays.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, T.K. Page, can be reached on (703)308-2927. The fax phone number for this Group is (703)305-3592.

Communications via Internet e-mail regarding this application, other than those under 35 U.S.C. 132 or which otherwise require a signature, may be used by the applicant and should be addressed to [thurman.page@uspto.gov].

All Internet e-mail communications will be made of record in the application file.

PTO employees do not engage in Internet communications where there exists a possibility

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that sensitive information could be identified or exchanged unless the record includes a properly signed express waiver of the confidentiality requirements of 35 U.S.C. 122. This is more clearly set forth in the Interim Internet Usage Policy published in the Official Gazette of the Patent and Trademark on February 25, 1997 at 1195 OG 89.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703)308-1235.

Gollamudi S. Kishore, Ph. D

Primary Examiner

Group 1600

gsk

January 13, 2003